

++.

« »  
**Klocwork Insight**

lugovskoy@ispras.ru

/ ++,

Klocwork Insight.  
«

».

**1.**

[1].

[2].

**2.**

«

»

(

)

«

» [2]

«

«

«

web-

[3].

«

»,

».

[4].

«

»

: «

«

»,

» [5].

### 3.

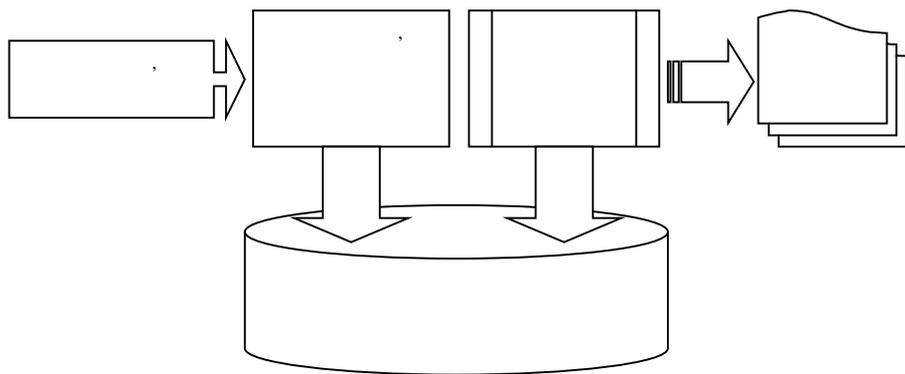
Java C#. / ++  
goto, / ++,  
/ ++  
Microsoft Visual Studio,  
CodeRush -  
DevExpres,  
Refactor! Pro . .  
» [6].  
Visual Assist X - Whole Tomato,  
Visual Studio,  
12-  
» [7].  
Eclipse CDT -  
C/C++,  
Eclipse.

### 4.

» [8].  
[9].  
XCode - Apple. OS X iOS,  
GNU GCC :  
Clang. » [10].  
[11].  
**Klocwork Insight**  
/ ++  
Klocwork Insight,

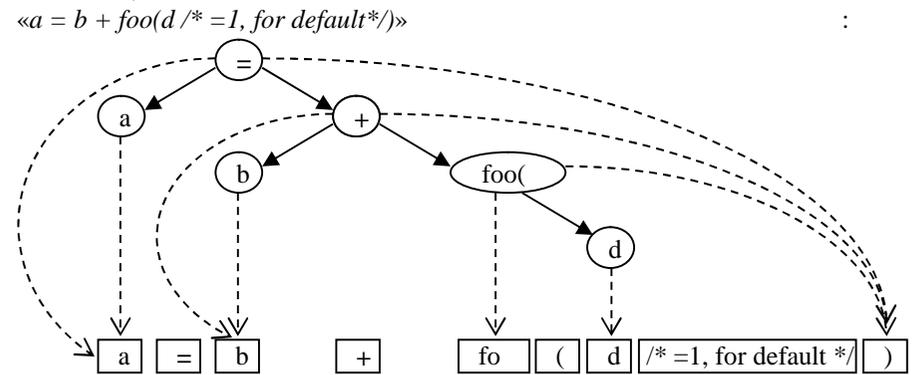
[12].

Klocwork Insight,  
4.1.



Klocwork Insight  
Microsoft Visual Studio Eclipse,

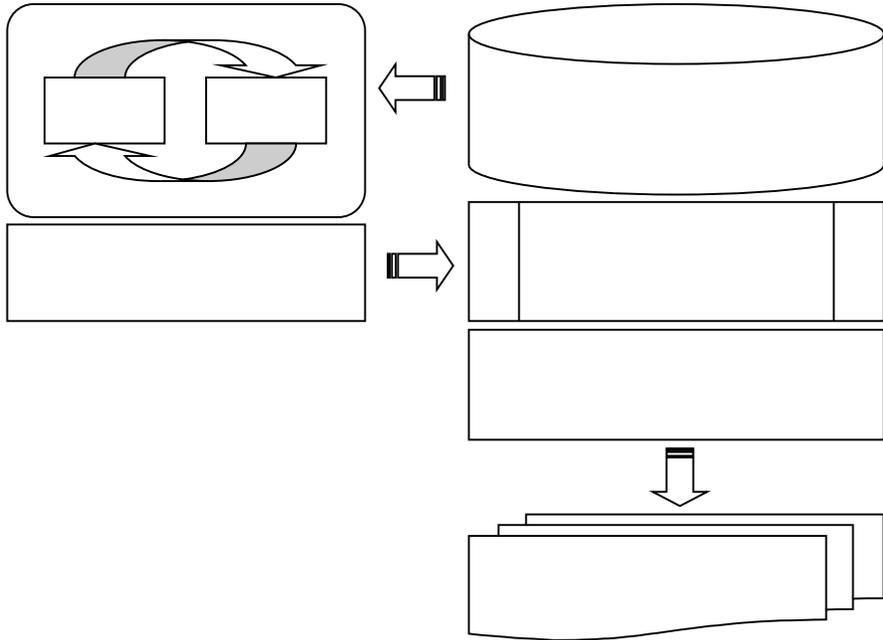
4.2.



[14].

4.3.

( )



diff [15]

5.

5.1.

### 5.1.1

```
int main() {
    int a = 0;
    if (bar())
        a = 1;
    return a;
}
```

```
int extracted_function() {
    int a;
    if (bar())
        a = 1;
    return a;
}
int main() {
    int a = 0;
    a = extracted_function();
    return a;
}
```

«bar() == 0»,

« »

```
void extracted_function(int *a) {
    if (bar())
        *a = 1;
}
int main() {
    int a = 0;
    extracted_function(&a);
    return a;
}
```

### 5.1.2

```
«sizeof»,
int main () {
    char buf[16];
    printf(«bufsize is %u», sizeof(buf));
    return 0;
}
```

```
void extracted_function(char buf[]) {
    printf(«bufsize is %u», sizeof(buf));
}
```

«sizeof(char[])»      «sizeof(char[16])».

```
void extracted_function(char buf[16]) {
    printf(«bufsize is %u», sizeof(buf));
}
```

### 5.1.3

```
int main() {
    int *ptr;
    int port = 8080;
    ptr = &port;
    set_socket_port(*ptr);
    return 1;
}
```

```

        ,          <port>
        ,          «          »
        :
int *extracted_method() {
    int *ptr;
    int port = 8080;
    ptr = &port;
    return ptr;
}
int main() {
    int *ptr;
    ptr = extracted_method();
    set_socket_port(*ptr);
    return 1;
}

```

, , , ... «ptr»

### 5.1.4

```

        ,          using-
        ,          «          »
        ,          «          »
        ,          «          »
        using-
        :
string foo(vector<string> &v)
{
    typedef string MyString;
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        MyString s = get_string();
        v.push_back(s);
    }
    return v[2];
}
        «          »
        :

```

```

void extracted_method(vector<string> &v)
{
    typedef string MyString;
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        MyString s = get_string();
        v.push_back(s);
    }
}

```

, using- , , - using- , , using-

### 5.2.

, , ( ++). , , using- ( , , return-

### 5.3.

```

        «          ».
        :
class A {
public:
    int v;
    A(int i) { v = i; }
}

```

```
private:
    A(const A &a) { v = a.v; }
};
int foo() {
    A a(10);
    return a.v;
}
```

```

:
A extracted_function() {
    A a(10);
    return a;
}
int foo() {
    A a = extracted_function();
    return a.v;
}
```

« »,  
 «private».  
 «foo()»  
 « »,  
 « »,  
 ( 89)  
 « »,  
 «C».

```
int main()
{
    int a = 1;
    int b = 2;
    int c = a++ + b;

    return a + b + c;
}
```

#### 5.4.

«break», / ++ «return», «continue»  
 « »,  
 « »,  
 « »,  
 int main(int argc, char \*argv[])  
 {  
 int i;  
 if (argc < 2)  
 return -1;  
 i = argc;  
 ...  
 return 0;  
 }  
 «return».  
 «return»:»

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int i;
    if (extracted_method(argc, &i))
        return -1;
    ...
    return 0;
}
```

```
int foo(char *ptr)
{
    int ret;
    ret = bar(ptr);
    if (ret == -1)
        return 128;
    if (ret == -2)
        return 129;
    ...
}
```

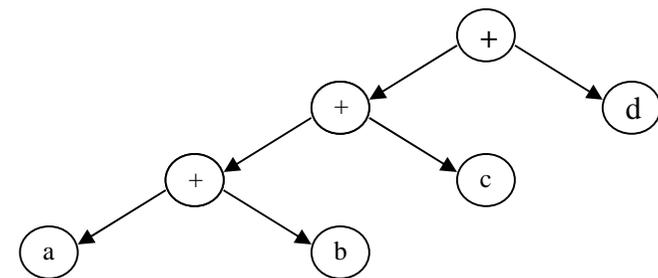
```
int extracted_function(int *ret, char *p, int *o)
{
    *ret = bar(p);
    if (*ret == -1) {
        *o = 128;
        return 1;
    }
    if (*ret == -2) {
        *o = 129;
        return 1;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

```
int foo(char *ptr)
{
    int ret;
```

```
int o;
if (extracted_func(&ret, ptr, &o))
    return o;
...
}
```

5.5.

«d - a + b»,  
: «a = b && c == d + e».  
«b && c»  
«a + b + c + d»,  
:



«b + c»,

«b + c»

: «a \* b + c + d».

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

« »

[16].

6.

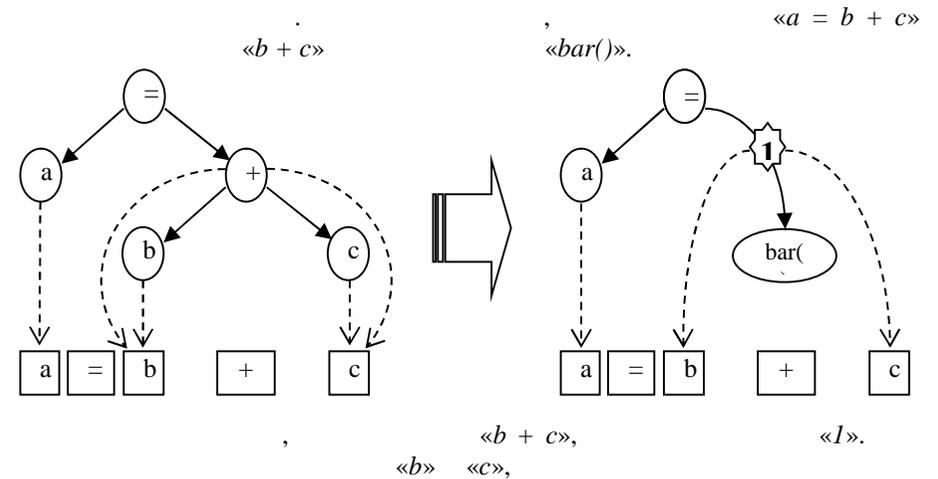
```

#define START_NUM 0x5
for (i = START_NUM /* start num of ... */; i < len;
i++) {
  a = str[i]; // str is ...
  if (a) // fatal
    exit(0);
}

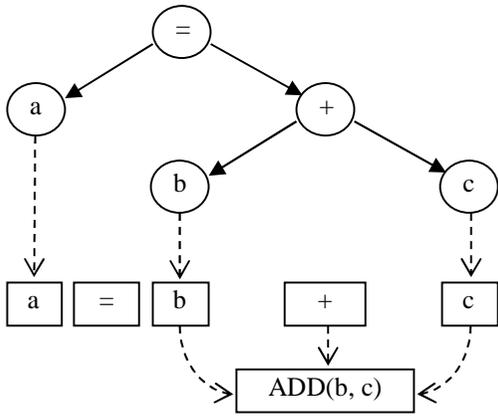
```

: «for(i=0x5;i<len;i++){a=str[i];if(a)exit(0);}».

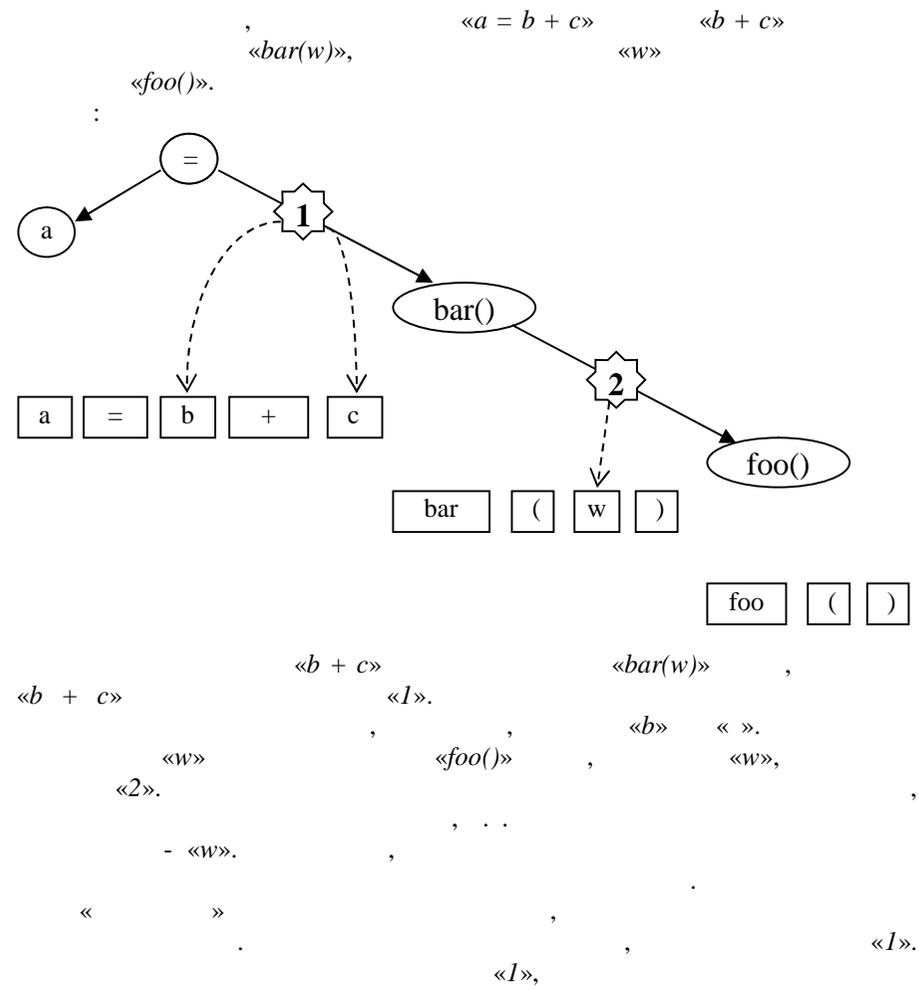
### 6.1.



```
#define ADD(x, y) x + y
a = ADD(b, c);
```



6.2.



«1».

: «bar», «(«, «w», «)».

«2».

«w»,

«bar» «(».

«foo()».

«w»

«)».

«bar(foo())».

«a + b»

**7.**

« »

**8.**

« »

5

Visual Assist X	4	11 %
Eclipse CDT	11	31 %
XCode	15	42 %
CodeRush	26	74 %
Klocwork Insight	31	87 %

. I.

Visual Assist X

Eclipse CDT

XCode

CodeRush

Klocwork Insight

**9.**

## 10.

«  
Klocwork Insight.

- [1] . . . , . . . .  
C/C++. , 22, 2012 .
- [2] . . . .
- [3] Martin Fowler. *Refactoring Home Page*. <http://www.refactoring.com/>
- [4] <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/0s21cwvk.aspx>
- [5] <http://www.refactoring.com/catalog/extractMethod.html>
- [6] <http://www.devexpress.com/Subscriptions/DXperience/DXv2/index.xml>
- [7] <http://www.wholetomato.com/products/featureRefactoring.asp>
- [8] <http://www.eclipse.org/cdt>
- [9] Michael Ruegg. *Eclipse CDT refactoring overview and internals*.
- [10] <https://developer.apple.com/xcode>

- [11] Max Schaefer, Oege de Moor. *Specifying and implementing refactorings*.
- [12] Zhiying (Vicky) Wang. *A Survey of Refactoring Tool Researches*.
- [13] Peter Sommerlad. *Retaining comments when refactoring code*.
- [14] Jeffrey Overbey, Ralph Johnson. *Generating Rewritable Abstract Syntax Trees*.
- [15] <http://www.opennet.ru/docs/RUS/diff/diff-3.html>
- [16] Emerson Murphy-Hill, Andrew Black. *Breaking the Barriers to Successful Refactoring: Observations and Tools for Extract Method*.
- [17] . . . : KAST.  
, 20, 2011 .

# The refactoring approach used in Klocwork Insight toolkit

*N. L. Lugovskoy*  
*lugovskoy@ispras.ru*  
*ISP RAS, Moscow, Russia*

**Abstract.** The paper describes refactoring technics used in Klocwork Insight toolkit for C/C++ programming languages. Being the most popular Extract Function refactoring is chosen to describe all stages of refactoring process. Different language elements and constructions are processed during extraction of a new function and most of them are included as examples. Additionally it's shown that extract function refactoring has to use data-flow analysis to resolve conflicts or different ways of data usage on different conditional branches. Furthermore refactoring has to change and move declarations of variables. So it has to resolve type conflicts and implement declaration order of used types in case type is declared inside function. There are also some points about syntax tree transformations. Such transformations can be automatically mapped to source code changes. Automatically modifying the program's source code, based on the changes in the syntax tree is commonly known as code transformation, and can be used not only for refactoring purposes. The technic of code transformation used in our approach can be used as a key idea for a new tool for doing non-trivial transformations of source code.

**Keywords:** refactoring; extract function; code transformation; static analysis

## References

- [1]. V. O. Savitsky, D. V. Sidorov, Inkremental'nyj analiz iskhodnogo koda na yazykakh C/C++ [Incremental source code analysis for C/C++ languages] Trudy ISP RAN [The Proceedings of ISP RAS], 2012, vol 22, pp. 119-129 (in Russian)
- [2]. Martin Fowler. Refactoring. Improving the Design of Existing Code. Addison-Wesley, 2000
- [3]. Martin Fowler. Refactoring Home Page. <http://www.refactoring.com/>
- [4]. <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/0s21cwvk.aspx>
- [5]. <http://www.refactoring.com/catalog/extractMethod.html>
- [6]. <http://www.devexpress.com/Subscriptions/DXperience/DXv2/index.xml>
- [7]. <http://www.wholetomato.com/products/featureRefactoring.asp>
- [8]. <http://www.eclipse.org/cdt>
- [9]. Michael Ruegg. Eclipse CDT refactoring overview and internals. Parallel Tools Platform (PTP) Workshop, Chicago, September, 2012
- [10]. <https://developer.apple.com/xcode>
- [11]. Max Schaefer, Oege de Moor. Specifying and implementing refactorings.
- [12]. Zhiying (Vicky) Wang. A Survey of Refactoring Tool Researches.
- [13]. Peter Sommerlad. Retaining comments when refactoring code.
- [14]. Jeffrey Overbey, Ralph Johnson. Generating Rewritable Abstract Syntax Trees.
- [15]. <http://www.opennet.ru/docs/RUS/diff/diff-3.html>
- [16]. Emerson Murphy-Hill, Andrew Black. Breaking the Barriers to Successful Refactoring: Observations and Tools for Extract Method.

- [17]. S.V. Syromjatnikov. Deklarativnyj interfejs poiska defektov po sintaksicheskim derev'jam: jazyk KAST [The refactoring approach used in Klocwork Insight toolkit]. Trudy ISP RAN [The Proceedings of ISP RAS], tom 20, 2011 g.